

The NASA Flywheel Battery Project

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presented by

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Presentation Outline

- Background
- Objectives
- Rationale
- Source and Market Assessment
- Approach
- Flywheel Battery Installation Description
- Evaluation and Test Plans
- Initial Flywheel Battery Performance Data
- Future Plans
- Summary



Background

- Sponsors
 - Funded by NASA Headquarters Environmental Management Division (Code OJE)
 - Supported by the GRC Environmental Management Office and the Aerospace Flywheel Technology Program (Code T, was Code R)
- NASA GRC leads the development of flywheel technology for aerospace applications
 - This flywheel battery UPS project is a good fit with our interests and capabilities



NASA Flywheel Technology Program Participation

- **Develop advanced aerospace flywheel component and system technologies to meet NASA's long term mission needs for space exploration**
 - Energy Storage
 - Integrated Power and Attitude Control
 - Power Peaking
- **Program Objective is to demonstrate flywheel technology goals**
 - System Specific Energy (usable) > 50 WHr/Kg (within 5 years), > 200 WHr/Kg long term
 - Cycle Life > 75,000
 - Round Trip efficiency > 90%
 - System Cost Reductions > 25%
- **The GRC Flywheel Team has strong in-house, academic and industry participation**
- **This experienced in-house GRC Flywheel Team is directly involved in the installation, operation and evaluation of our Flywheel battery.**

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Flywheel Technology Challenges



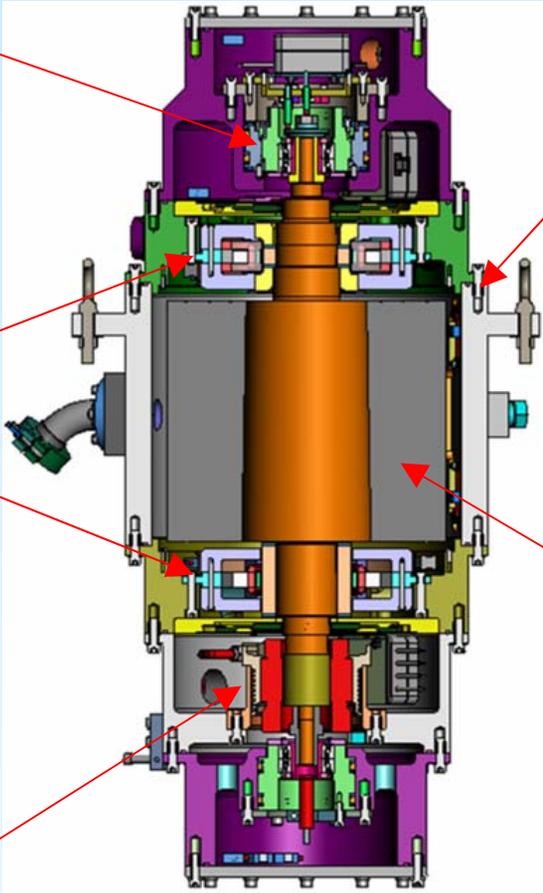
Auxiliary Bearings –
touchdown and launch loads, stability, caging



Magnetic Bearings –
low losses, higher speeds, sensors, dynamic control



Motor/Generator –
low losses, higher speeds, drive controls



Housing –
system and component integration, structural/dynamic response



Composite Rotor –
long life, safety without containment, light-weight hubs, design and cert. standards

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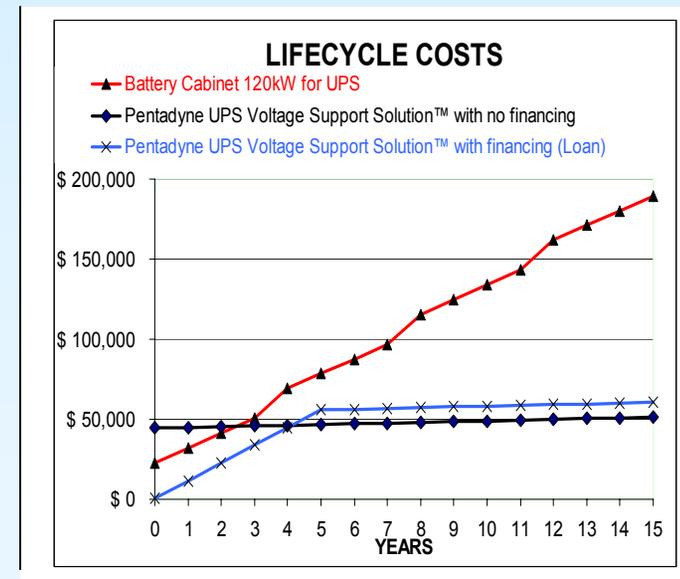
Flywheel Battery Project Objectives

- Demonstrate the viability of flywheel based UPS for NASA GRC UPS applications
- Evaluate the potential advantages and disadvantages of flywheels and batteries for UPS applications at NASA
- Provide an opportunity to obtain for NASA the life cycle advantages of Flywheel UPS



Rationale

- Safety
 - Energized Equipment
 - Batteries cannot be de-energized easily, however the Flywheel can be shut off.
 - Hydrogen
 - Batteries require ventilation, but the flywheel needs none.
 - Acid
 - Special acid containment and controls, but the flywheel needs none.
- Energy Efficient
 - Standby Power Consumption
 - Batteries use an Equalize charge then shift to float charge.
 - The Flywheel uses an adjustable current to maintain charge. It spins up to RPM, then coasts. The flywheel uses almost no power during coasting. The results are a lower standby power consumption.
- Lower Life Cycle Cost
 - At higher upfront cost it appears expensive. However over the life of a normal string of batteries there is a lower cost.
- Better for the Environment
 - Lead disposal costs. Lead is a poisonous and toxic hazard.



Courtesy of Pentadyne Power Products

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Flywheel UPS Markets



Electric Utilities



Commercial Buildings



Electric Rail



Industrial Services



Clean Power Sources



Telecomm

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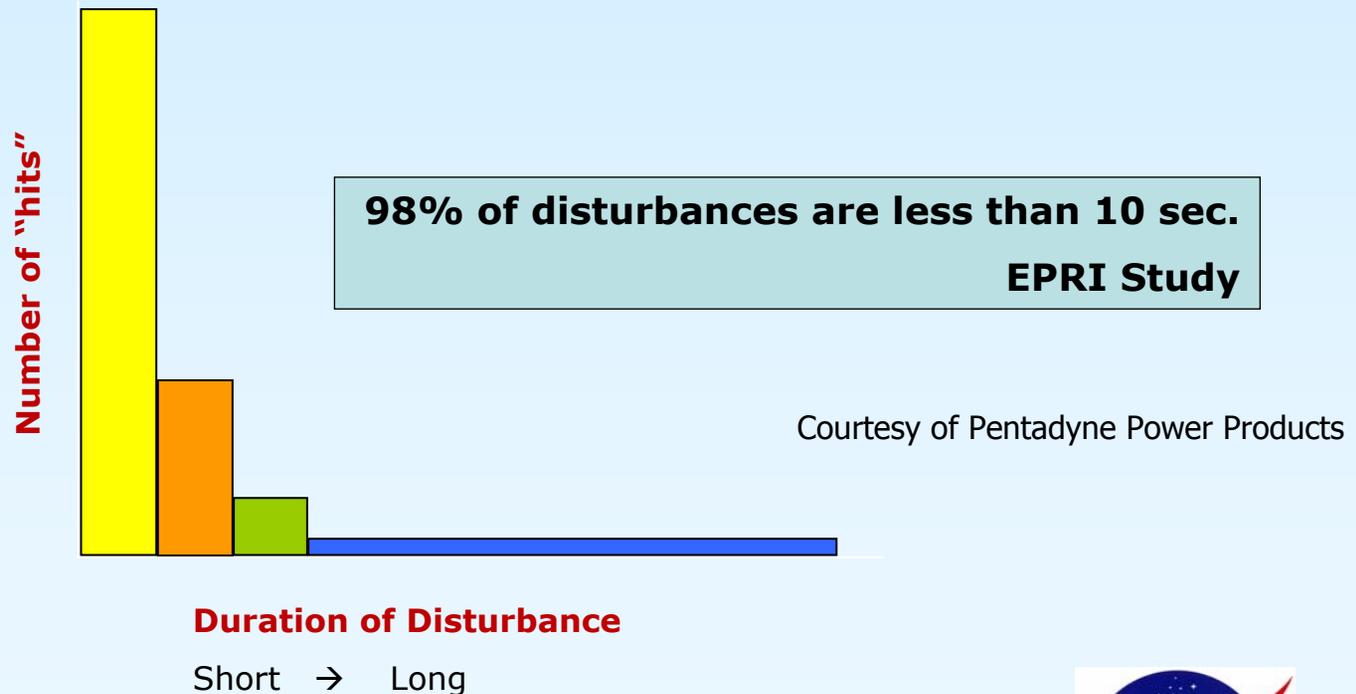


Implementation Options at NASA

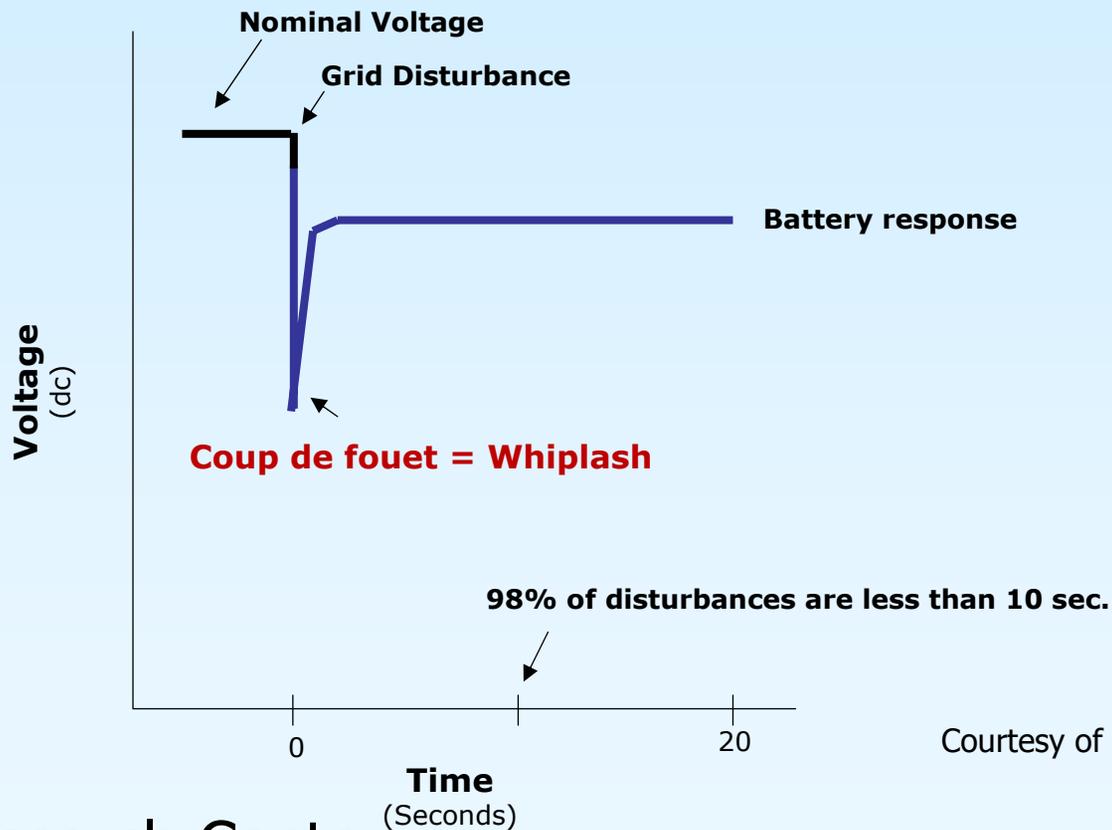
- Stand alone for voltage stability during short term power losses or brownouts
- In parallel with batteries
 - absorb the short term voltage instabilities
 - “Save” batteries for longer term outages and significantly increase their life
- Ride thru to a standby generator
 - Provide short term facility power during power loss
 - Provide power to start backup generator and provide a transition period
 - Can support the frequent readiness tests with no life impact



- UPS Battery Use: Discharge Activity Example
 - Many More Short Duration “Hits” than Long Duration



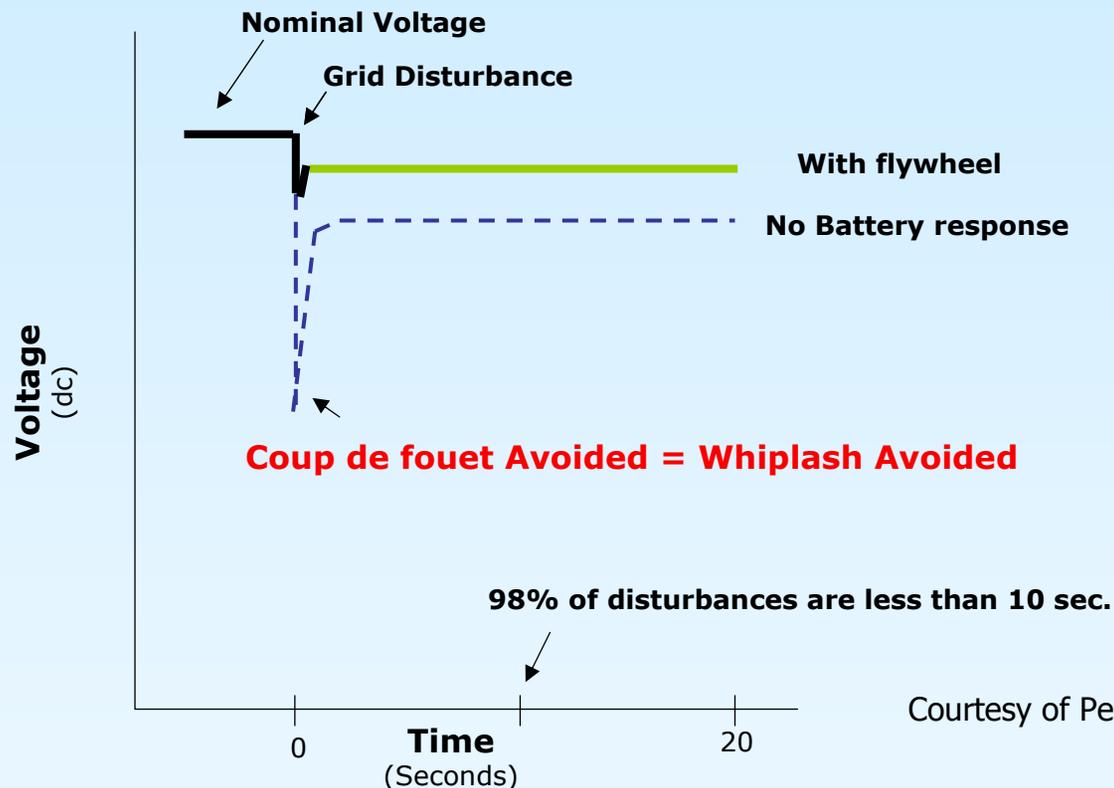
- Every “Hit” Causes Battery Whiplash



Courtesy of Pentadyne Power Products



- Use of a Flywheel UPS Prevents Battery Whiplash

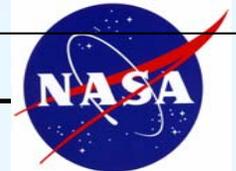


Courtesy of Pentadyne Power Products

Use the Battery Only When You Really Need It for Longer Duration Disturbances

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Flywheel UPS Sources

- Several commercial flywheel UPS providers are coming into the UPS market
- Commercial provider maturity ranges from “beta” units in development to production units in the field
- Our source survey identified several potential providers
 - Active Power, <http://www.activepower.com/>
 - AFS-Trinity, <http://www.afstrinity.com/>
 - Beacon Power, <http://www.beaconpower.com/>
 - Pentadyne, <http://www.pentadyne.com/>
 - URENCO, <http://www.urenco.com/flycylinder/>



Implementation Approach

- **Key Project Activities**

- Define requirements, specifications and interfaces
- Solicit, select and procure the Flywheel UPS
- Install and checkout the Flywheel UPS in PSF for the Flywheel Testbed
- Conduct evaluation testing of the Flywheel UPS both in a stand alone mode and in conjunction with testbed operations
- Conduct comparison study of key UPS characteristics such as life cycle cost, safety, operability, maintainability, energy use, power quality and environmental impacts
- Report progress and results on a regular basis to EMO and NASA HQ



Implementation Approach

- **Participants**
 - **GRC Environmental Management Office**
 - **Call Henry, Inc.**
 - **Flywheel Technology Program Team**
 - **Pentadyne Power Products (Flywheel Unit)**
 - **Powerware, Inc. (UPS Front-end)**
- **Procurement**
 - **Market study indicated several potential sources**
 - **Competitive procurement of the flywheel battery unit by CHI, Inc.**
- **Location**
 - **NASA GRC Power Systems Facility, Building 333**
 - **Integrated into the flywheel technology test-bed**
- **Installation**
 - **Lead by NASA contractor CHI, Inc**
 - **Powerware and Pentadyne directly participated in the installation and checkout**
 - **Support from GRC flywheel team**

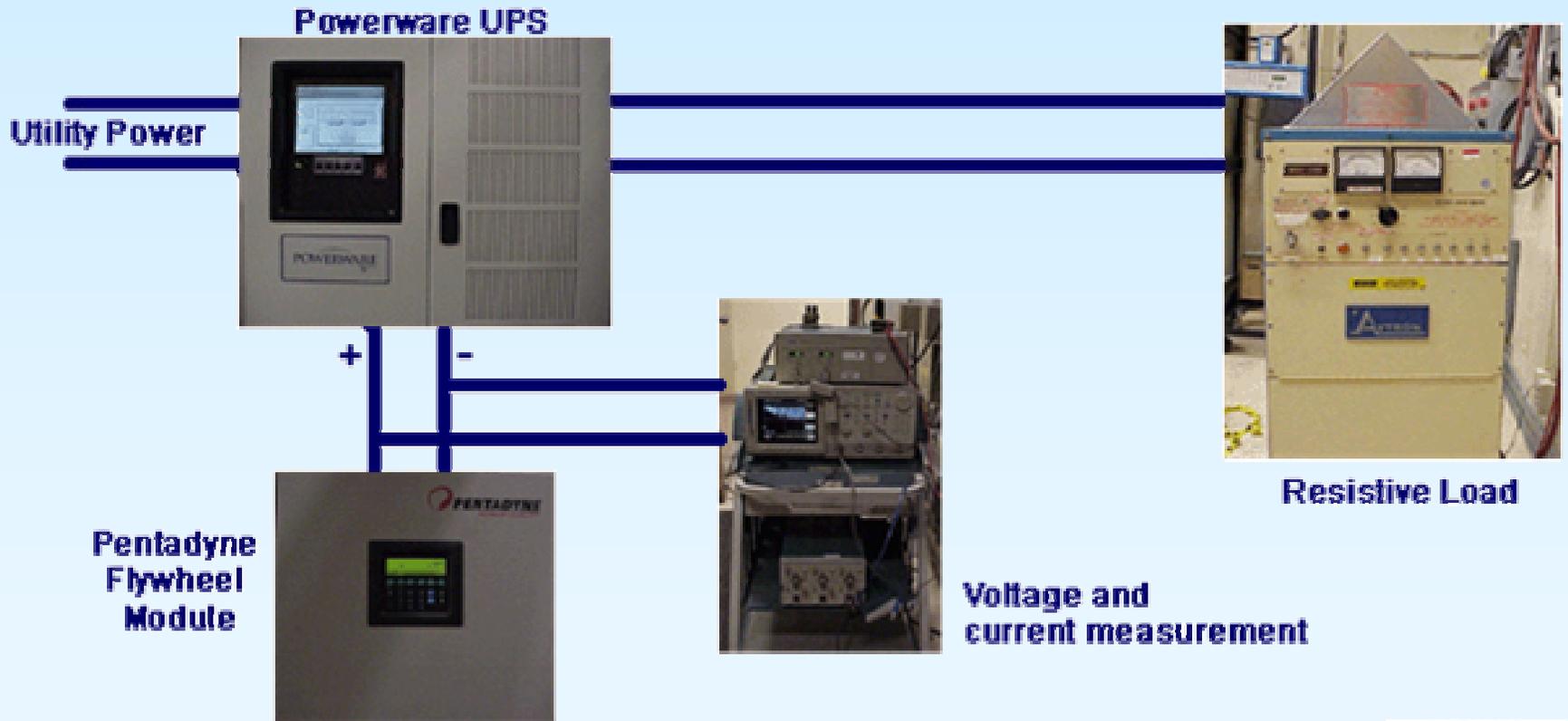


Evaluation Criteria and Test Plans

- **The study effort will address key questions and concerns about Flywheel vs Battery UPS**
 - Life Cycle Cost Evaluation
 - Safety Assessment
 - Reliability, Availability, Maintainability
 - Operability and Ambient Requirements
 - Energy Use
 - Power Quality
 - Environmental Impacts



Flywheel Battery Installation

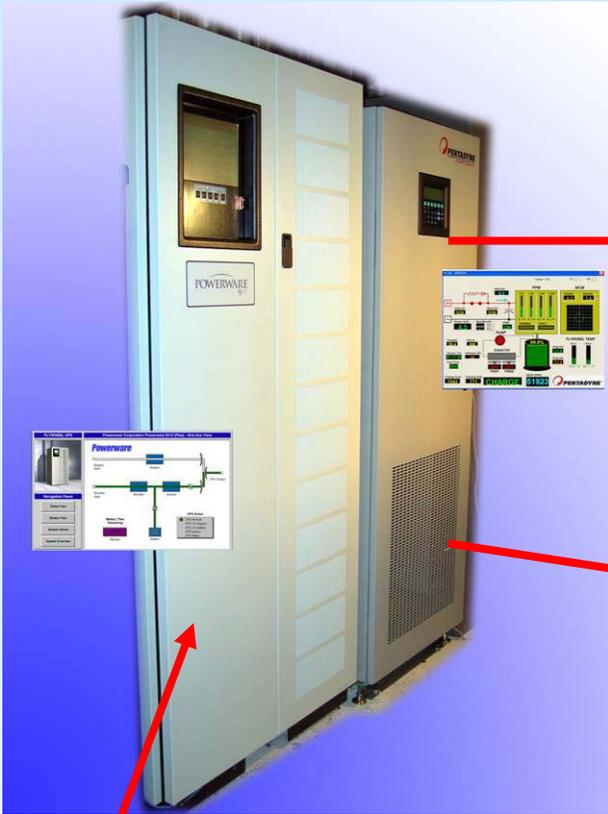


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NASA Flywheel UPS Test Bed



Powerware UPS Unit

Remote Status via Laptop and Internet



Pentadyne Flywheel Energy Storage Unit



Flywheel Rotating Unit Vacuum and Containment Housing

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Approach

- The approach we took was to provide a low maintenance, low cost solution to improving a typical practice that has been “the norm” for many years!
- We took a typical 120/208 volt, 100 amp, 3 phase power panel. Paired it with a Automatic Transfer Switch, and Generator. Then made it an Uninterruptible reliable source that can be used in many applications.
- Hi Speed, Composite rotor running in a vacuum, with magnetic bearings provided a Hi-Tech solution to an old technology.



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Flywheel Battery Installation Description

- UPS: Powerware 9315-50 (50 kVA, 40 kW)
- Flywheel Battery: Pentadyne VSS 120 (2400 kW-seconds)
- Load Bank: Avtron K595 Resistive Load (208 Vac, 3 Phase, 40 kW)
- Instrumentation: Tektronix TDS 754D Oscilloscope, Agilent 34401A Multimeter



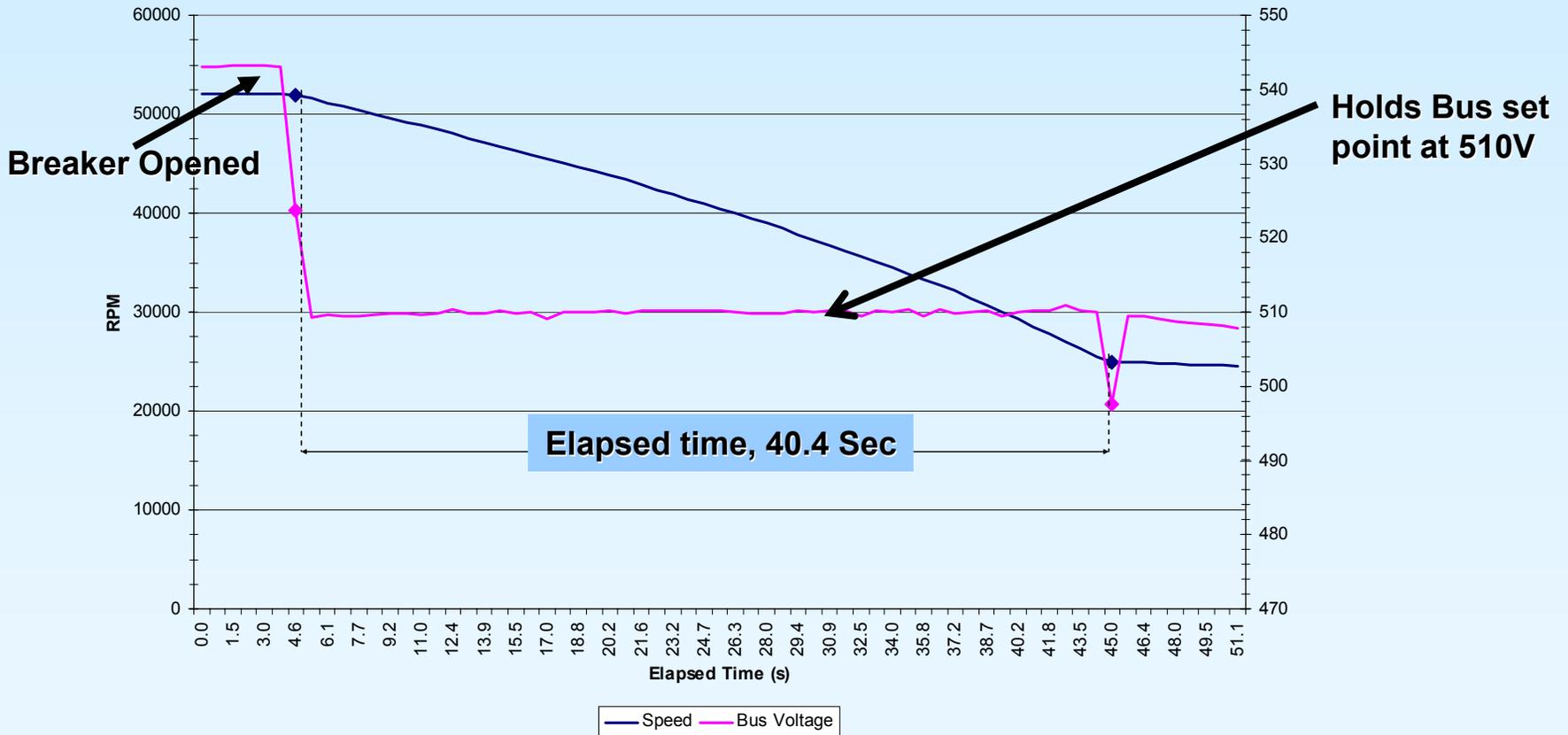
Preliminary Flywheel Battery Performance Data

- Power Quality
 - Open circuit output voltage ripple was .76V, 0.2% of total output voltage
 - Ok for Powerware UPS front end
- Standby Losses
 - Average standby losses were 228 watts
 - Periodic charges to maintain full speed not yet measured



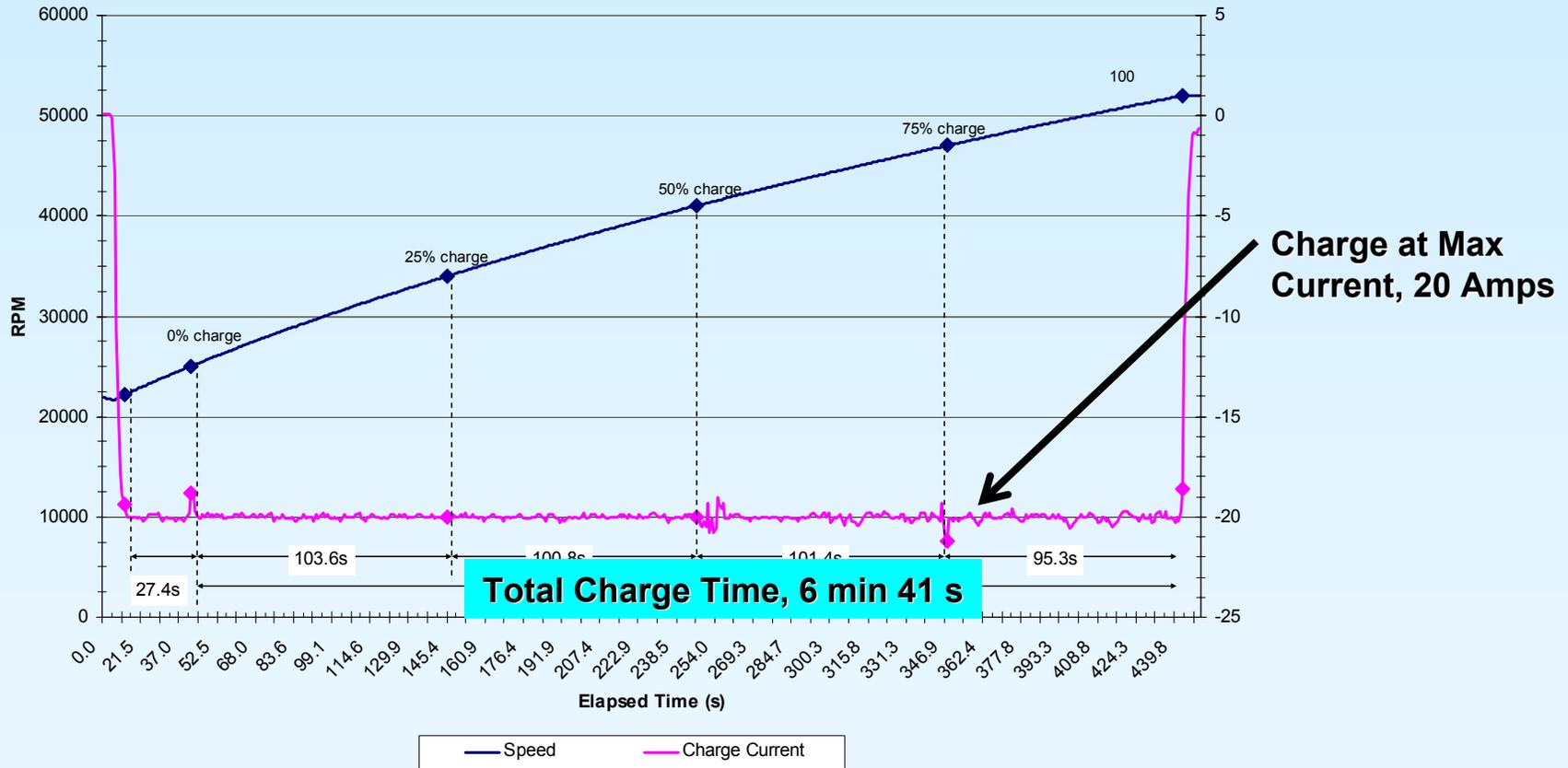
Discharge Characteristics at Full Load, 40KW

Discharge @ 100% Load



Charge Characteristics at Full Current

Charge @ 100% Load



Future Plans

- Continue tests of flywheel UPS to evaluate its operation, capabilities and performance characteristics and limitations for our facility
- Conduct our comparative study of flywheel and battery based UPS
- Deliver our final report this FY
- Retrofit our ‘Beta’ Unit with a production unit as soon as its available from Pentadyne



Summary

- NASA HQ and GRC Environmental management Offices are funding the evaluation of a flywheel based UPS
- Objective is to demonstrate a new clean, reliable, cost effect and safe technology for NASA UPS needs
- New commercial markets and sources are growing for flywheel applications
- The GRC flywheel team has installed and is operating a flywheel UPS to support our flywheel technology testbed
- The flywheel UPS installation and checkout went well with excellent operability, and tech support
- The flywheel UPS study will be completed this FY and can support future UPS purchase plans

